

Atlas. 6.73.3

So far describ'd as is contain'd in the

IN

A COLLECTION long wanted, and now Publish'd for the Use of
SCHOOLS.

Printed by GEORGE GRIERSON, Printer to the
King's Most Excellent Majesty, at the *King's Arms*
and *Two Bibles* in *Essex-Street*, MDCCXXXVI.



T H E P R E F A C E.



S the Right Understanding the *His-*
torians who wrote in the *Greek* and
Latin Tongues, on account of the
 Simplicity of their Style, hath been
 by long Experience found equally
 necessary for the attaining a perfect
 Knowledge in those Languages, as the Reading their
 Poets and Orators; and consequently, *Justin*, *Ne-*
pos, *Sallust*, *Cæsar*, and *Livy*, have been in our
 Schools taught with as much Success as *Terence*,
Virgil, *Horace* or *Cicero*: So great Care on this
 account has been taken, to render the former, as
 well as the latter, intelligible to the several Ages
 and Capacities of those into whose Hands they
 have been put, by Explications, Interpretations,
 Paraphrases, and other Notes, which in a great
 measure have had their desired Effect.

Notwithstanding this Care, in one respect the
 Endeavours of the Editors of our School-Books,



to explain their Authors, have fall'n short; for tho' they have in their Notes so far given an account of the Names of Hills, Rivers and Cities, as to tell in what Kingdoms or Provinces they are, yet for want of Draughts to describe these Kingdoms, and their Divisions into Provinces, neither the Distances, nor the respective Situations of the several Places mentioned, can in any manner be apprehended by the Scholar; for want of which Distinction, great Confusion must necessarily arise in the Mind.

Thus, if a Master was to describe to his Scholar, from his *Virgil*, the Navigation of *Æneas*; and tell him, that in his Voyage from *Troy* to *Italy* he passed through the *Cyclades*, and by the *Strophades* to the Gulf of *Tarentum*; from whence to avoid the dangerous Passage between *Scylla* and *Charybdis*, he sailed towards the *African* Coast, then sailing by *Sicily*, he arrived on the Coasts of *Italy*, and landed near the Mouth of *Tybris*.

Such a Description as this cannot be made intelligible to the Scholar, by adding any Explanation in Words, who will not at all the better understand *Æneas's* Course, described by his Author, by being told, that the *Cyclades* are Islands in the *Icarian*, the *Strophades* in the *Ionian*, and that *Scylla* is a Rock, and *Charybdis* a Whirlpool, in the *Sicilian* Sea; because he has no more any Notion of those Seas, their Distances, or their respective Situations, either to *Troy*, or to each other,

The PREFACE.

3

other, than he had of these Places said to lie in them; since these things can only be made intelligible to him by an actual Description of these Seas and Islands in a Map, which will sensibly represent to him what no Words could ever effect without it.

For this Reason, to all the valuable Editions of such of the School-Books as have wanted them, Maps have been added, as absolutely necessary to make the Author's Meaning fully comprehended: But then these Editions have been necessarily held at so great a Price, as not to be easily compassed for Youth at Schools, for whose use, as it was needful to print Editions of a cheaper sort, so consequently in them these Helps must be omitted.

To supply this Omission, it has been thought an useful Service to Schools, to prepare a small Collection of Maps of the ancient World, and of such Parts of it chiefly as are mentioned in the Classics; and therein to describe the chief Cities, Towns, Rivers, and Mountains, in as perfect a Manner as so small a Form would admit of; wherein the Scholar will be able, by Inspection, to see their respective Situations; and by being told that each Degree in the Scale on the Sides of the Maps contains about Sixty Miles, to judge in a tolerable Measure of their Distances, by applying their Distances in the Maps to the Scale on the Sides.

B

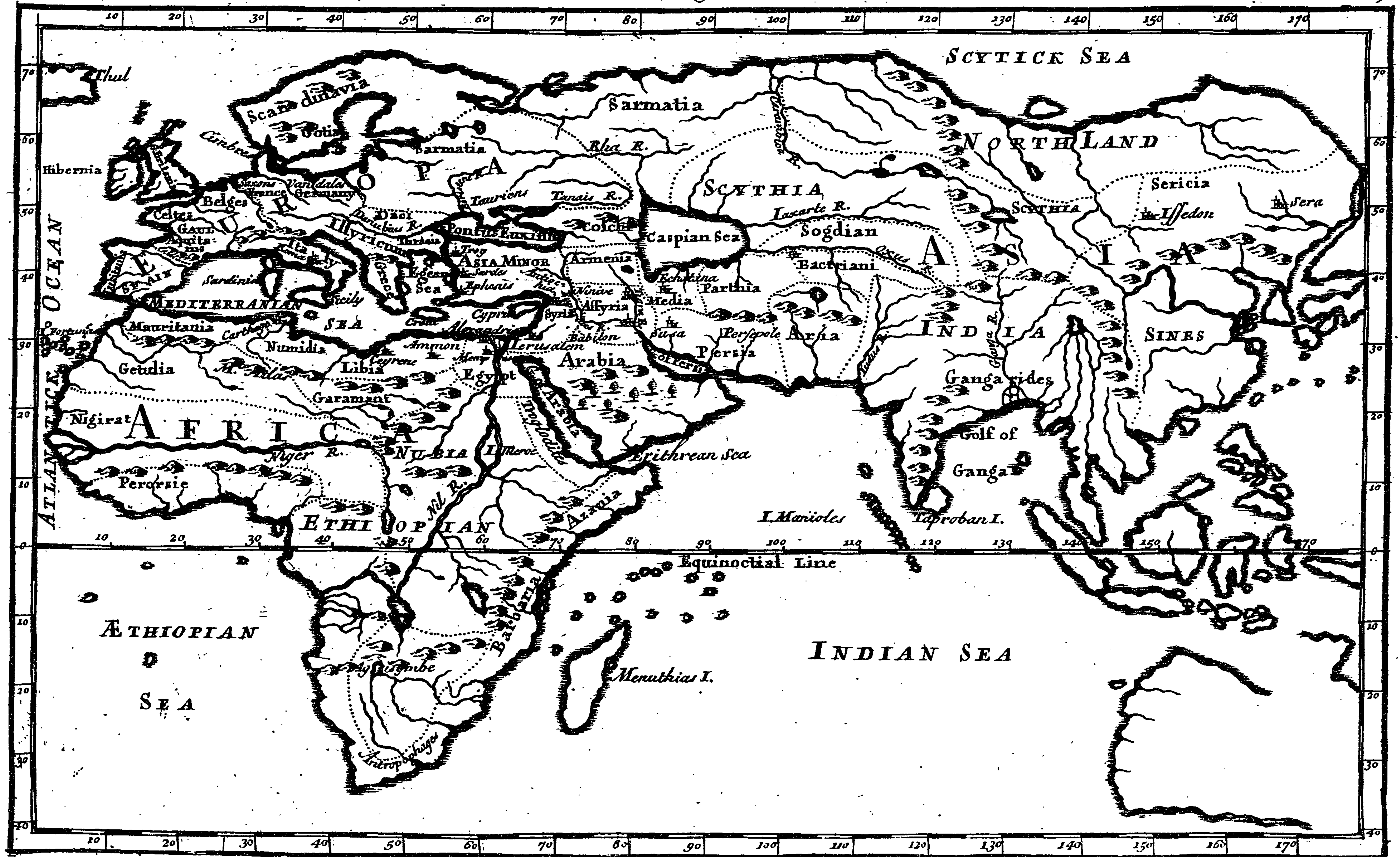
This

This will make the Reading their Authors less tedious and more profitable to them, since they will not only with more Distinction apprehend the Matters their Authors treat of, but with reasonable Exactness judge of the Actions described by them, when by means of these Descriptions they have a tolerable Notion of the Countries through which their Armies are said to march, the Rivers which they pass, and the Towns where they arrive, or which they subdue.

The Use and Advantage of such Maps being so apparent, and the Persons who are designed to reap this Advantage being such as, generally speaking, are not in a Condition to purchase it at any great Rate, Care hath been taken, not only that they should be carefully and handsomely engrav'd, but also be had at a very moderate Charge, that so the general Use of them might not be hinder'd by the greatness of the Price.

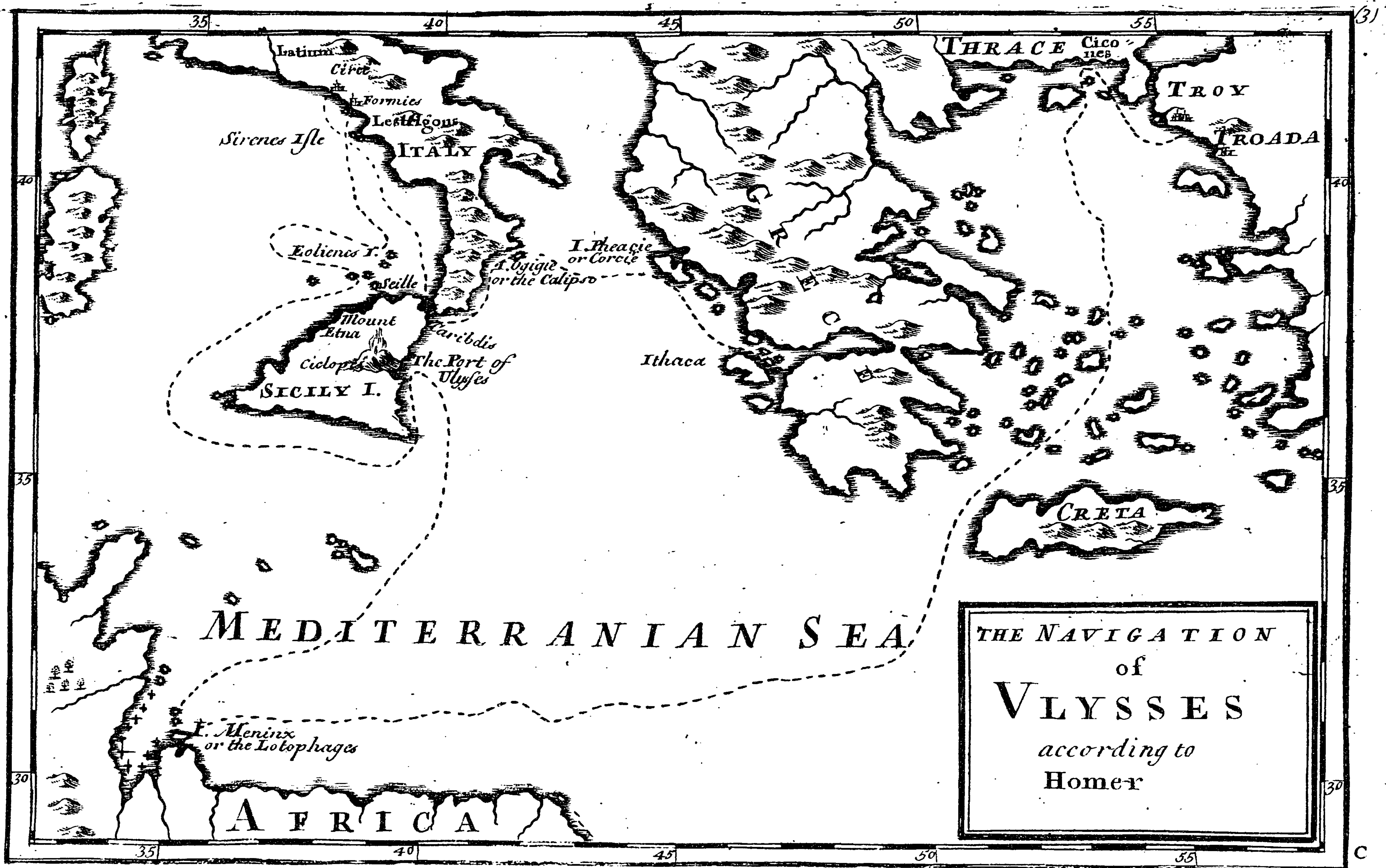
One Thing more it is thought necessary to mention, That these Maps being engrav'd by a Foreigner, some of the Places retain the *French* Terminations, many of which have been rectified, though it was too late to mend them all: But these are so near the *Latin* or *English* Names, in most Instances, that it is hoped it will occasion but little Difficulty to the Scholar, and give no great Offence to the Master.

A Map of the Whole WORLD as far as it was known to the Antients. (1)





The seat of the
TROJAN WAR
According to
Dictis Cretensis and Dares
Phrygius







The Voyage of
ÆNEAS
as Described by
DIONISIUS HALICARNASS
in his first Book



A MAP of the WORLD as far as it is described by JUSTIN





The
ROMAN EMPIRE
in its
Youthfull Age
according to
Florus

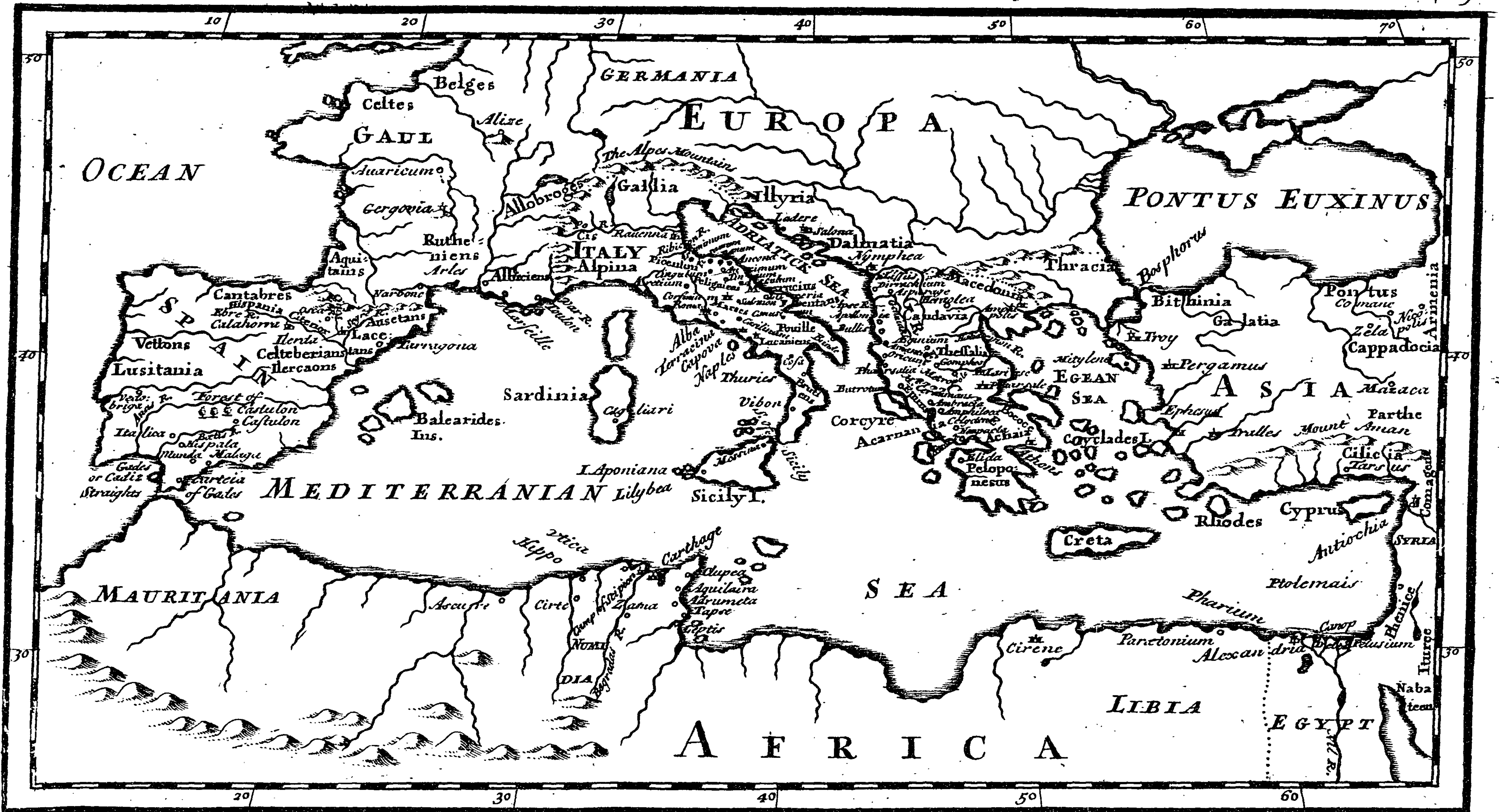


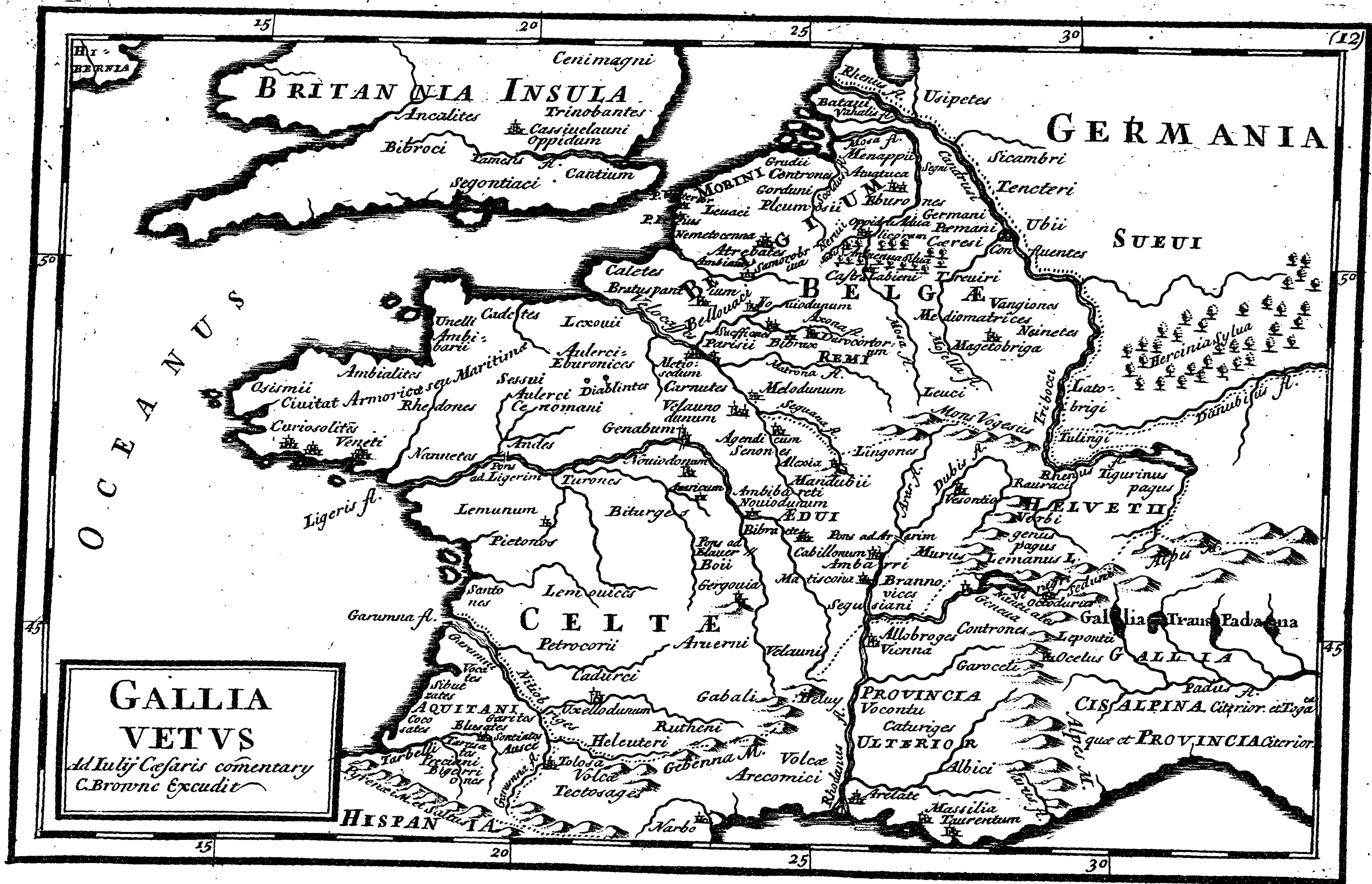


The ROMAN EMPIRE as it was in the time of JULIUS CÆSAR

as it is described in his Commentaries, and in Silius Italicus

(11)





15

20

25

30

(12)

HERNIA

BRITANNIA INSULA

GERMANIA

SUEUI

BELGAE

CELTAE

HELVEII

GALLIA

PROVINCIA
Vocontu
Caturiges
ULTERIOR

CISALPINA Citerior et Toga
que et PROVINCIA Citerior

HISPANIA

GALLIA
VETVS

Ad Iulij Caesaris comentary
C. Brown Excudit

15

20

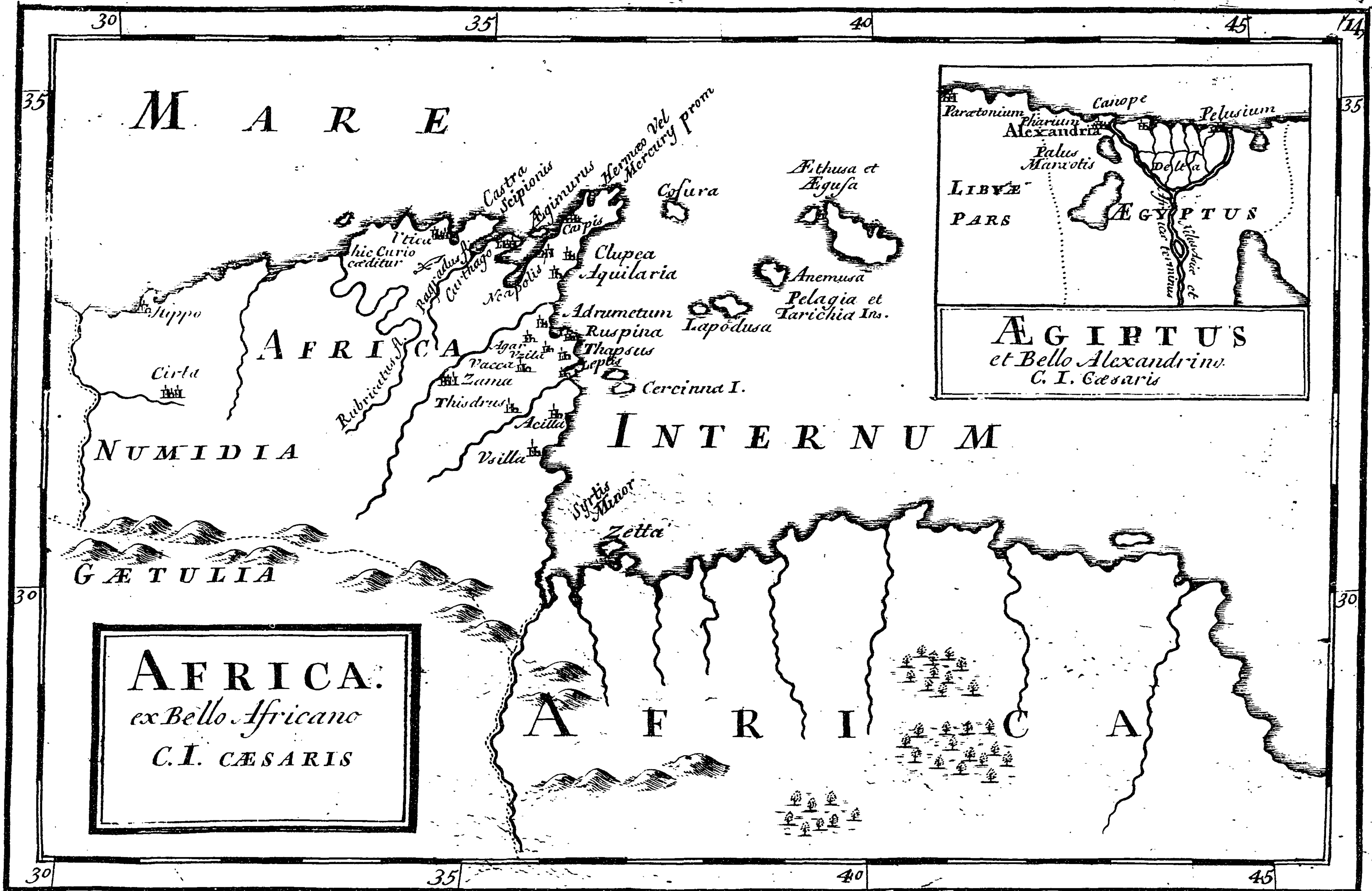
25

30

BÆTICA or the Southern Part of **SPAIN** as it is described
by **CÆSAR**, de Bello **HISPANICO**.

(13)





M A R E

A F R I C A

N U M I D I A

G Æ T U L I A

I N T E R N U M

A F R I C A

Paratonium Canope Pelusium
Pharium Alexandria
Palus Marvotis Delta
LIBYÆ PARS ÆGYPTUS
ÆGYPTUS
et Bello Alexandrino.
C. I. Cæsar

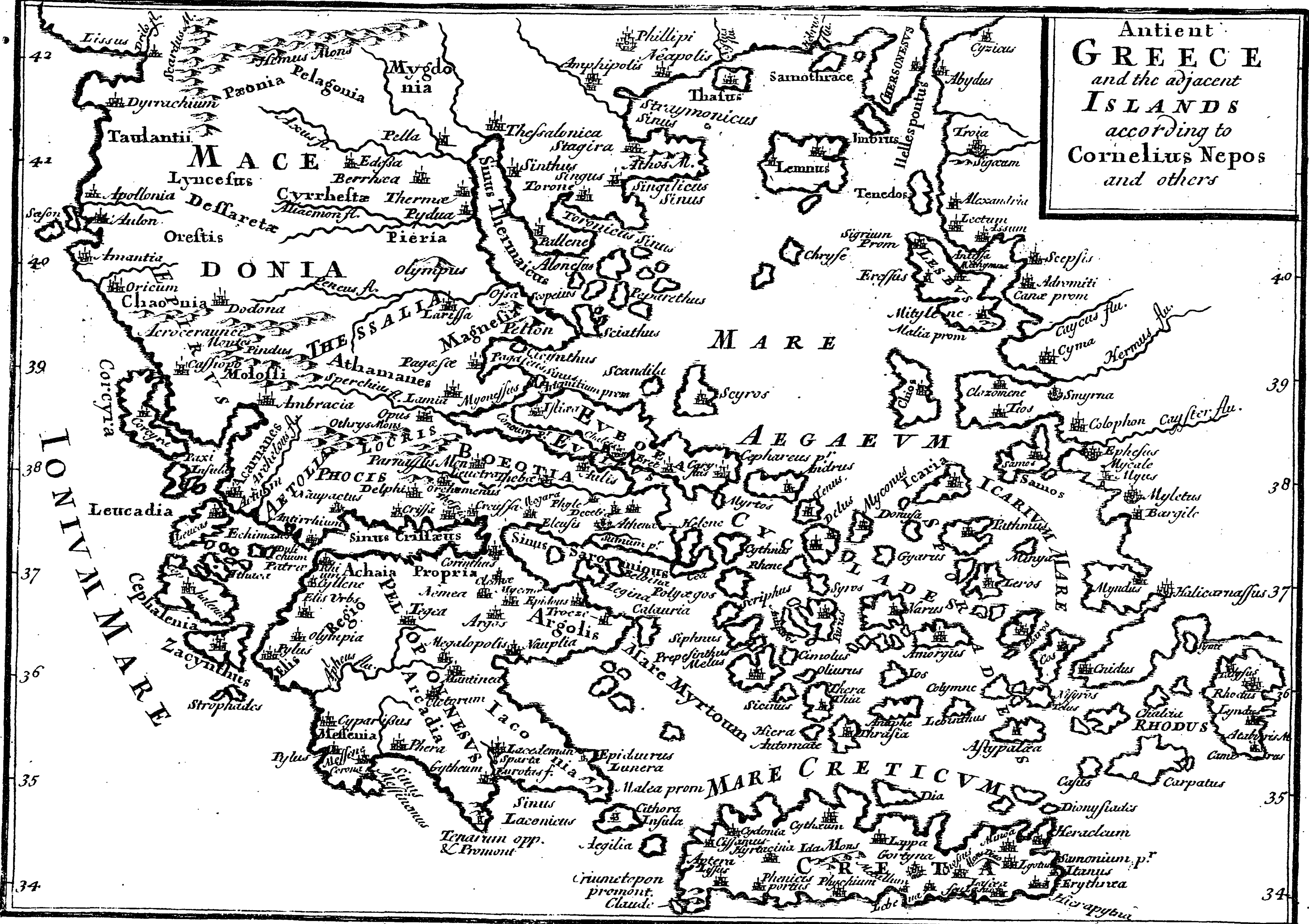
A F R I C A.
ex Bello Africano
C. I. CÆSARIS

A Map of EUROPE ASIA & AFRICA as far as they are described in *Lucan's Pharsalia*

(15)

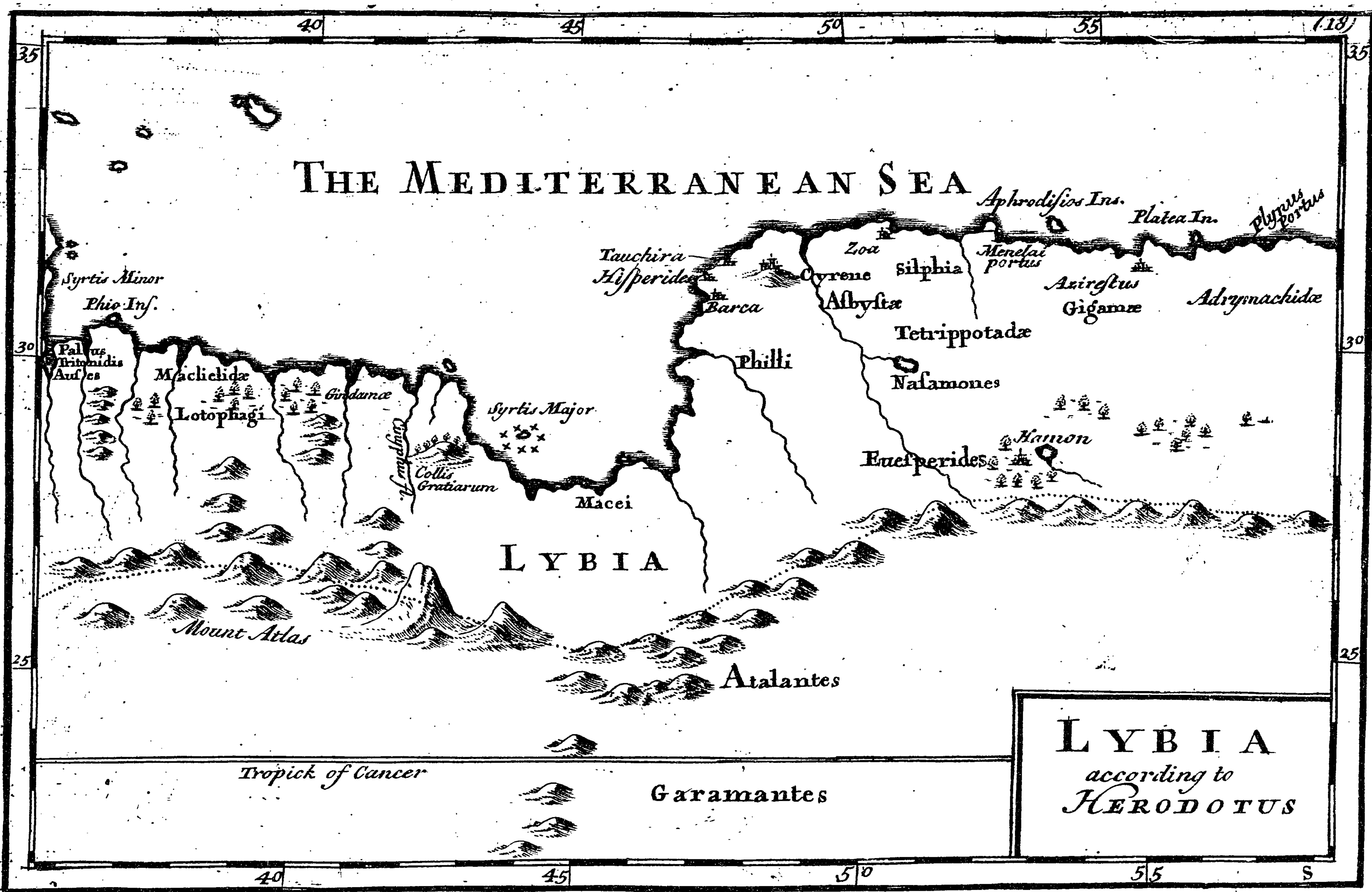


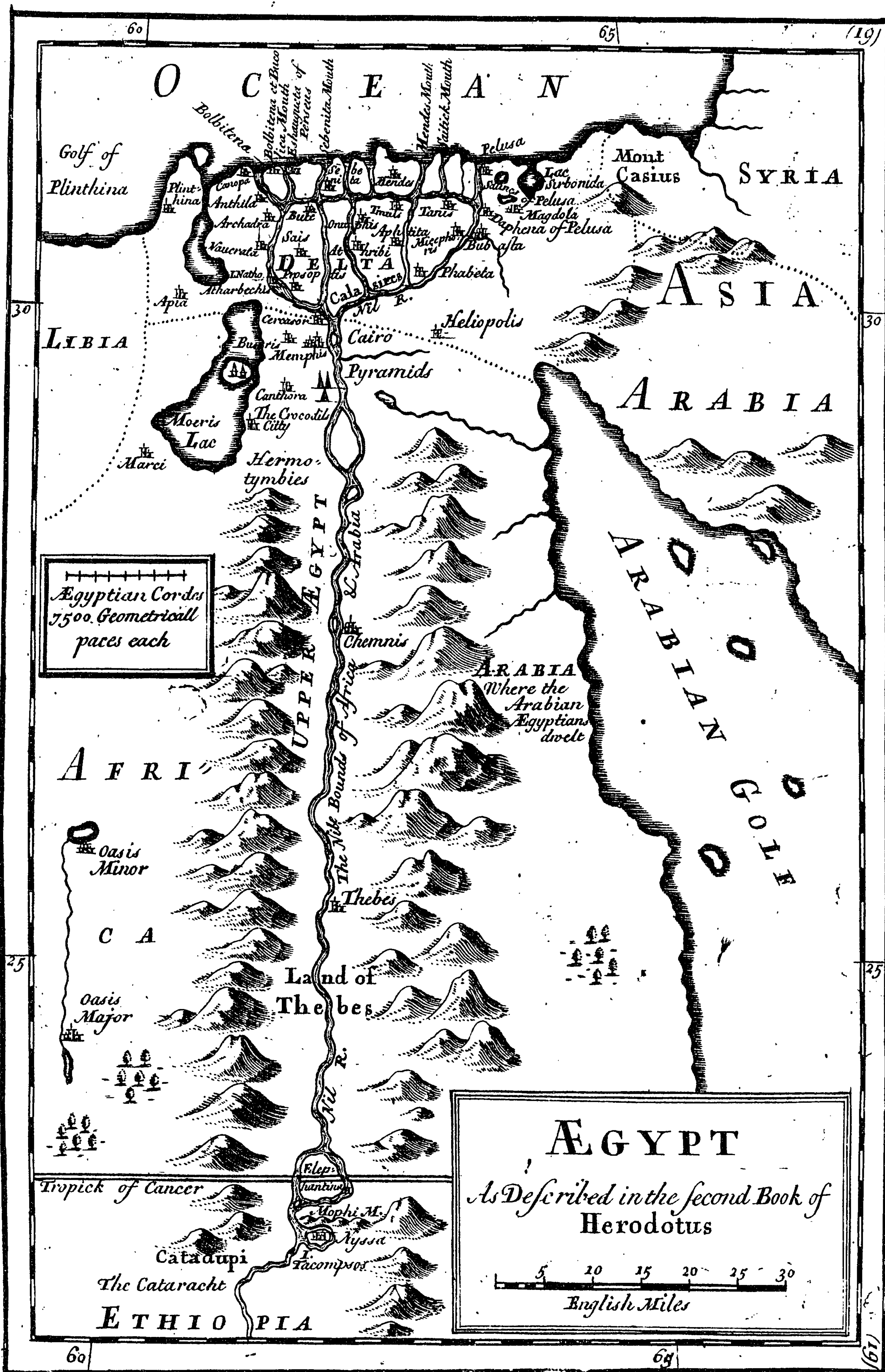
Antient
G R E E C E
and the adjacent
I S L A N D S
according to
Cornelius Nepos
and others





THE MEDITERRANEAN SEA





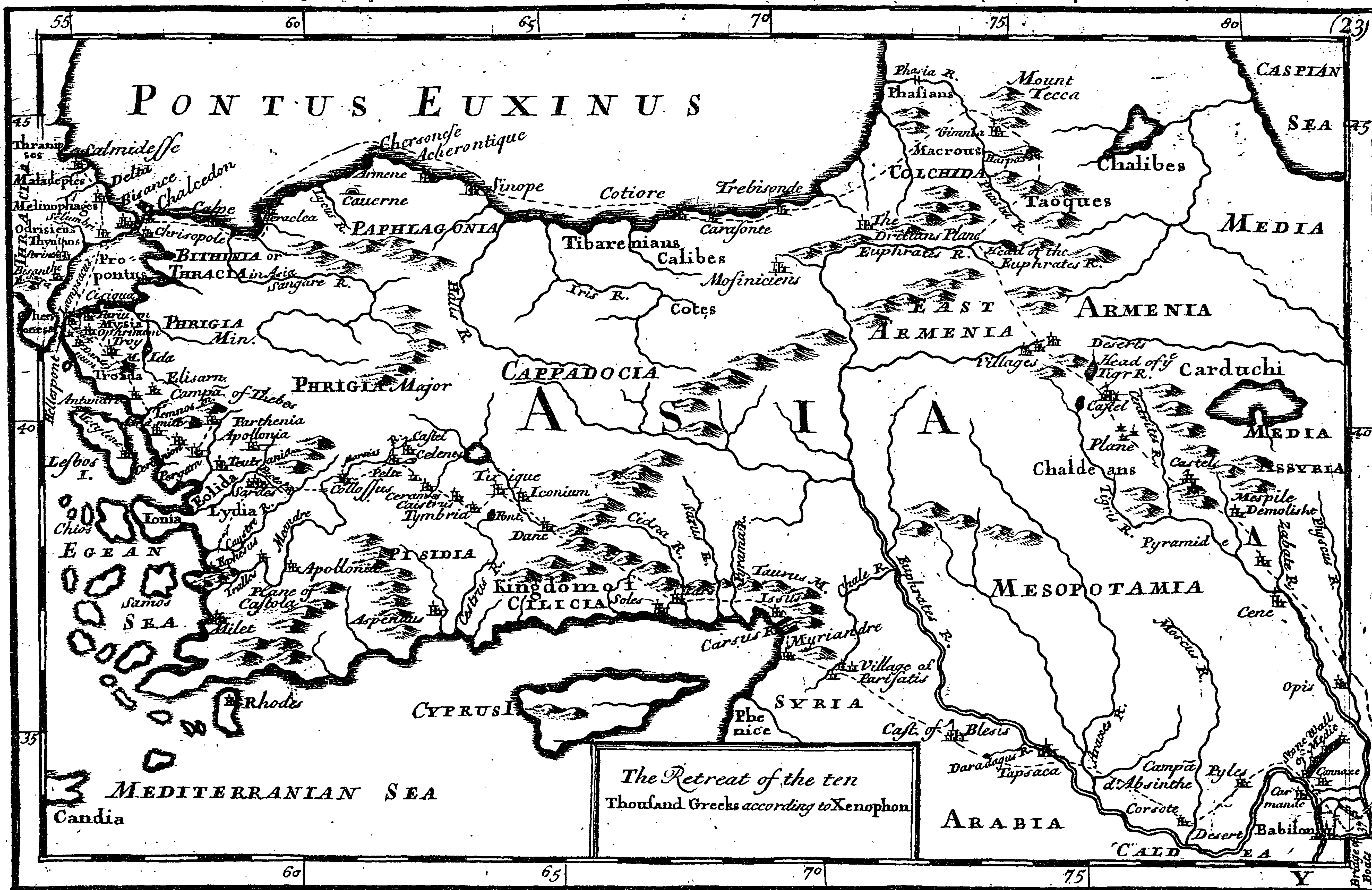




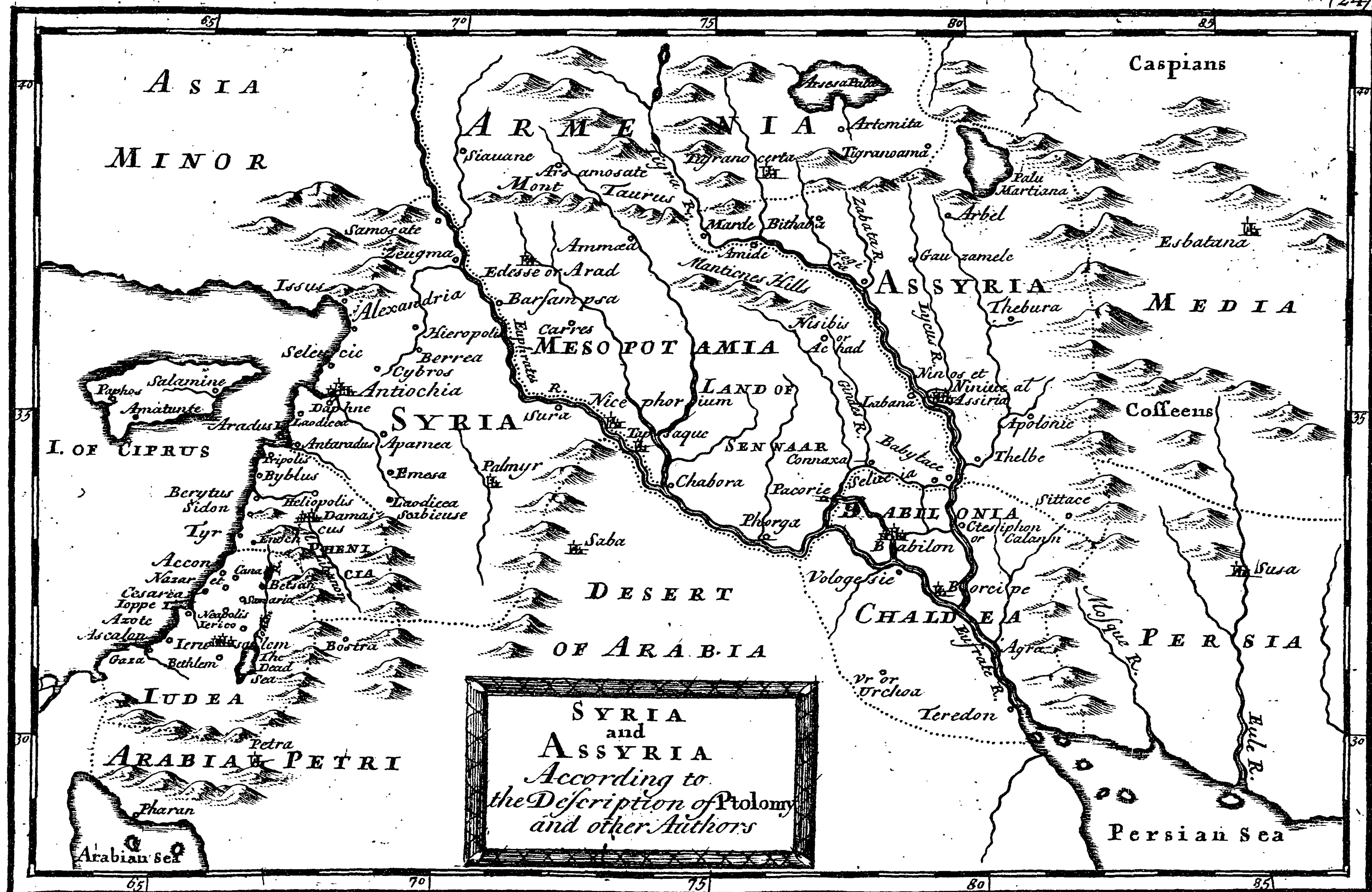
WT



The Expedition of
Agisilaus
King of Sparta
according to Xenophon.



The Retreat of the ten
Thousand Greeks according to Xenophon



SYRIA
and
ASSYRIA
According to
the Description of Ptolomy
and other Authors



SCRIPTURAL GEOGRAPHY
Containing the Places mentioned
in the **OLD** and **NEW**
TESTAMENTS

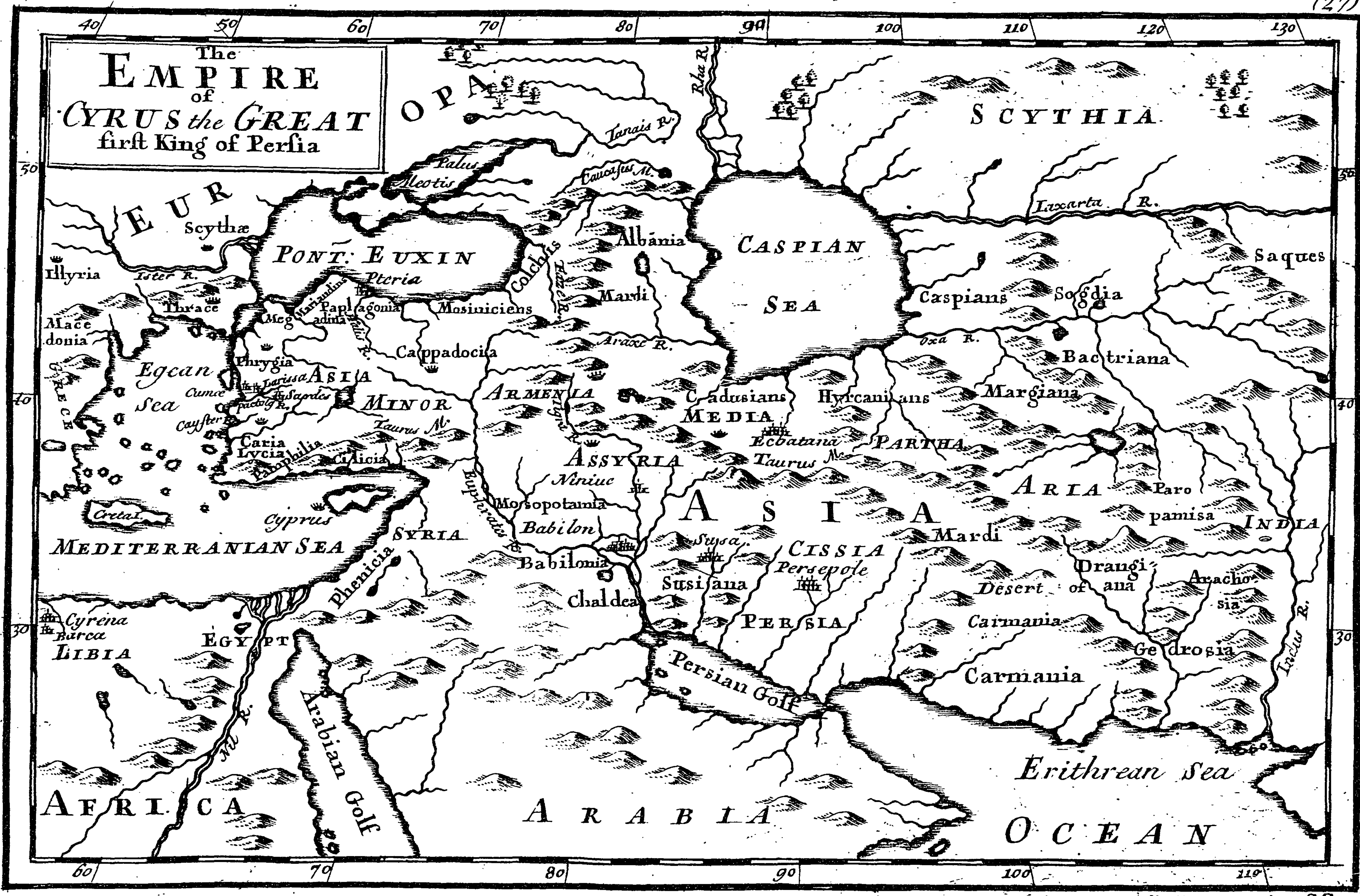
A MAP of the places Mentioned in Eusebius: Ecclesiastical History.

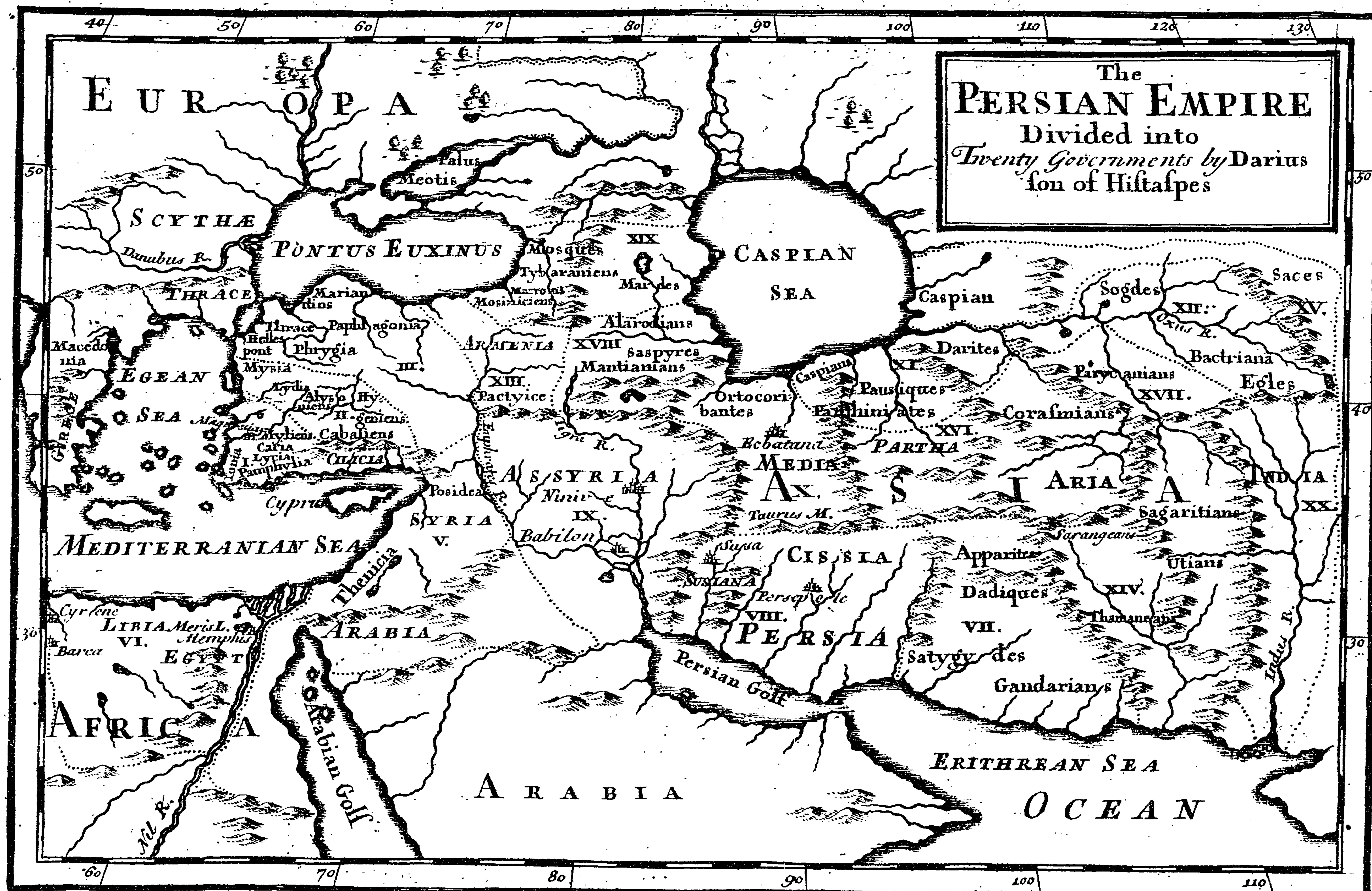
(26)



BB

The
EMPIRE
of
CYRUS the GREAT
first King of Persia

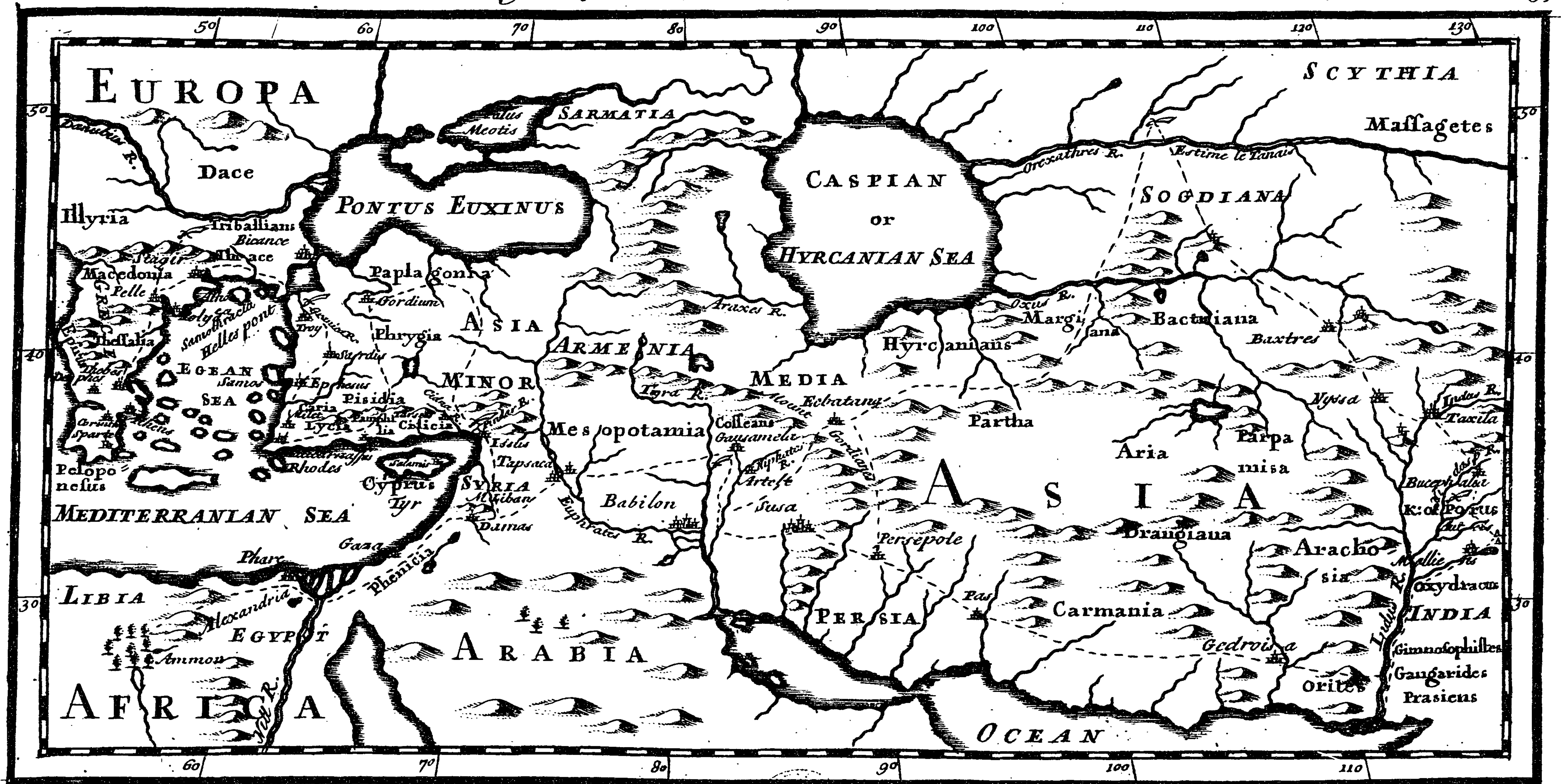




The Expedition of ALEXANDER the GREAT

according to Quintus Curtius, Arrian, and others.

(29)



EE